

Please write clearly in block capitals.						
Centre number	Candidate number					
Surname						
Forename(s)						
Candidate signature	I dealara this is my own work					

# AS CHEMISTRY

Paper 2 Organic and Physical Chemistry

Tuesday 23 May 2023 Morning Time

### Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- the Periodic Table/Data Sheet, provided as an insert (enclosed)
- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a scientific calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do **not** write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- All working must be shown.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

### Advice

You are advised to spend about 65 minutes on Section A and 25 minutes on Section B.



For Examiner's Use				
Question	Mark			
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
Section B				
TOTAL				



	Section A
	Answer <b>all</b> questions in this section.
0 1	This question is about the analysis of organic compounds.
	For each pair of compounds in Questions <b>01.1</b> and <b>01.2</b> , give a reagent (or combination of reagents) that could be added separately to each compound in a single reaction to distinguish between them.
	State what is observed in each case.
0 1.1	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CHO and CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>3</sub> [3 marks]
	Reagent(s)
	Observation with CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CHO
	Observation with CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>3</sub>
0 1.2	Cyclohexane and cyclohexene [3 marks]
	Reagent(s)
	Observation with cyclohexane
	Observation with cyclohexene



	Table	e 1					
Molecular formula         C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub> C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>							
<i>M</i> r	72.1416	70.1260	to be calculated				
Give your answers t Use these calculate Give your answer to	o 4 decimal place d <i>A</i> r values to finc 4 decimal places	es. I the relative mole S.	cular mass ( $M_{ m r}$ ) of C $_6$	H <sub>6</sub> [3 marks]			
		A <sub>r</sub> of hydrogen					
		A <sub>r</sub> of carbon					



02	This question is about fuels.	Do not write outside the box
02.1	Crude oil is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.	
	State the meaning of the term 'fraction' in this context.	1
		1
		-
		-
02.2	Petrol for cars contains branched and cyclic alkanes produced by catalytic cracking.	
	Identify the catalyst used in this process.	1
		1
		-
02.3	3-Ethyl-4-methylhexane is a branched alkane in petrol.	
	Draw the skeletal formula of this alkane. [1 mark]	1
0 2.4	Give the equation for the complete combustion of 3-ethyl-4-methylhexane. Use the molecular formula for 3-ethyl-4-methylhexane in your equation.	
		1
		-



0 2.5	Carbon dioxide is a product from the combustion of petrol in cars. Carbon dioxide	Do not write outside the box
	acts as a greenhouse gas when it absorbs infrared radiation. Give <b>one</b> reason why carbon dioxide absorbs infrared radiation. [1 mark]	
02.6	Nitrogen monoxide (NO) is formed when petrol is burned in cars.	
	State <b>one</b> environmental problem that NO causes.	
	State what is used to remove NO from the exhaust gases formed in	
	[2 marks]	
	Environmental problem	
	Removal of NO	
02.7	Petrol sold in the UK contains 10% bioethanol. Bioethanol is ethanol made from crops by fermentation and is considered to be carbon-neutral.	
	State what is meant by the term 'carbon-neutral'.	
	[1 mark]	
		9
	Turn over for the next question	
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This question is about reactions of halogenoalkanes with hydroxide ions.

Outline the mechanism for the nucleophilic substitution reaction of 1-bromobutane with sodium hydroxide.

### [2 marks]







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042	Draw the skeletal formula of the minor product formed in the reaction in Question 04.4	Do not write outside the box
	Evolution why the products are formed in different amounts	
	[4 marks]	
	Skeletal formula	
	Explanation	
04.3	Draw the structure of the major product when an excess of HBr reacts with limonene.	
	[1 mark]	
	Turne course from the second second	10
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### **0 5**. **2 Table 2** shows the enthalpies of combustion of some alcohols.

#### Table 2

Alcohol	Enthalpy of combustion / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
Ethanol	-1367
Propan-1-ol	-2021
Butan-1-ol	-2676

Explain how your answer to Question **05.1** suggests that the alcohol is butan-1-ol.

(If you have been unable to obtain an answer for Question 05.1, assume that the answer is  $-2120 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ )

[2 marks]

#### Question 5 continues on the next page



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<b>0 5 . 3</b> The equation for the complete combustion of gaseous pentan-1-ol is shown.
--

 $CH_3(CH_2)_3CH_2OH(g) + 7\frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \rightarrow 5CO_2(g) + 6H_2O(g)$   $\Delta H = -3388 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 

Table 3 shows some bond enthalpy data.

### Table 3

	C–H	C–0	O-H	C=O	0=0
Bond enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	412	360	463	805	496

Use data from **Table 3** to calculate a value for the mean C–C bond enthalpy in pentan-1-ol.

[3 marks]

C–C bond enthalpy \_\_\_\_\_

kJ mol⁻¹



0 5.4	The energy stored in fuels can be compared using energy density values		Do not write outside the box
	measured in kJ dm <sup>-3</sup>		
	Calculate the energy density of butan-1-ol.		
	enthalpy of combustion of butan-1-ol = $-2676 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ density of butan-1-ol = 0.810 kg dm <sup>-3</sup> relative molecular mass ( $M_r$ ) of butan-1-ol = 74.0	[2 marks]	
		[]	
	Energy density	kJ dm⁻³	10
	Turn over for the next question		
		Turn over <b>►</b>	



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0	6	This question is	about intermolecular for	orces in some organic cor	mpounds.	Do not v outside box
		Table 4 gives so	ome information about	three organic compounds	S.	
			Table	4		
	Compo	und	dichloromethane	tetrachloromethane	propan-1-ol	
	Boiling	point / °C	40	77	97	
	Polarity	of molecules	polar	non-polar	polar	
0	6.1	State why the C	–CI bonds in dichloron	nethane and tetrachlorom	ethane are polar. [1 m	ark]
0	6.2	Suggest why tet	rachloromethane mole	cules are non-polar.	[1 m	ark]
0	6.3	Explain why tetr	achloromethane has a	higher boiling point than	dichloromethane. [2 ma	rks]
						—



0 6.4	Propan-1-ol has a higher boiling point than the other two compounds because of hydrogen bonding.	Do not write outside the box
	Describe the hydrogen bonding in propan-1-ol. [2 marks]	
		6
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ►	



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## **0** 8 Draw the Maxwell–Boltzmann distribution curves for a fixed mass of a gas at two different temperatures.

This gas decomposes when heated.

By reference to these distribution curves, explain why the rate of decomposition of this gas increases at higher temperatures.

### [6 marks]



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	Section B	Do not write outside the box
Ansv	wer <b>all</b> questions in this section.	
		-
Only <b>one</b> answer per question is all For each question completely fill in CORRECT METHOD • WRONG M If you want to change your answer If you wish to return to an answer p as shown. • You may do your working in the bla	lowed. the circle alongside the appropriate answer. METHODS	
Do not use additional sneets for th	is working.	
<b>0 9</b> Which monomer forms	s this polymer?	
	$ \begin{pmatrix} CH_{3} \\ C \\ C \\ CH_{2} \\ CH_{3} \end{pmatrix}_{n} $	
	[1 mark]	
A but-1-ene	0	
B E-but-2-ene	0	
C Z-but-2-ene	0	
D methylpropene	0	



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